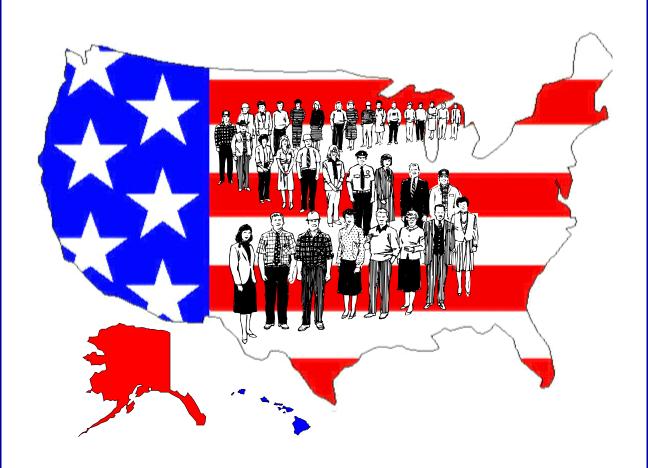
QUARTERLY REPORT ON SSI DISABLED WORKERS AND WORK INCENTIVE PROVISIONS

DECEMBER 1999



SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION
OFFICE OF RESEARCH, EVALUATION AND STATISTICS

Social Security Administration Office of Research, Evaluation and Statistics Division of SSI Statistics and Analysis

QUARTERLY REPORT ON SSI DISABLED WORKERS AND WORK INCENTIVE PROVISIONS

DECEMBER 1999

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This report is also available on the Internet at http://www.ssa.gov/policy/programs/SSI/

TABLE OF CONTENTS

December 1999

	Page No
INTROL	DUCTION1
SUMMA	ARY3
	PART I: EXHIBITS
Chart A	Disabled Workers on SSI as a Percent of All Disabled Recipients5
Chart B	SSI Disabled Workers, December 1987–19996
Chart C	Percent of SSI Disabled Workers by Age
Chart D	Percent of SSI Disabled Workers by Monthly Earnings
Chart E	Percent of SSI Disabled Workers by Diagnosis9
Chart F	Percent of Section 1619 Participants by Age
Chart G	Section 1619 Participants as a Percent of All Disabled Recipients11
Chart H	Percent of Section 1619 Participants by Diagnosis
Chart I	Percent of Work Incentive Recipients by Age13
Chart J	Percent of Work Incentive Recipients by Diagnosis14

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

PART II: STATISTICAL TABLES

SECTION A: ALL DISABLED WORKERS

Fable	No. Page No
1.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients and Working Recipients, for Selected Months, 1976–1999
2.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients, and Number and Percentage of SSI Disabled Working Recipients, by State
3.	Number of SSI Disabled Working Recipients by Section 1619 Status, by State19
4.	Number of SSI Disabled Working Recipients, Percentage and Average Earnings, by Selected Characteristics
5.	Percent of SSI Disabled Recipients and Workers Age 18–64, by Diagnosis21
6.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients Age 18–64, Percent with Earnings, and Percent in 1619(b) Status, by Age
7.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients Age 18–64, and Number and Percentage of Section 1619 Participants, by State
8.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients in September 1999, by Program Status and Earnings in December 1999
	SECTION B: SECTION 1619 PARTICIPANTS
9.	Number of Section 1619(a) and 1619(b) Participants, for Selected Months, 1982–1999
10.	Number of Section 1619(a) Participants and Average Earnings, by State, for Selected Months, 1998–1999
11.	Number of Section 1619(b) Participants and Average Earnings, by State, for Selected Months, 1998–1999

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

Table	No.	Page No
12.	Number and Average Earnings of Section 1619(a) and 1619(b) Participants, by Selected Characteristics of Participants	29
13.	Percent of SSI Disabled Recipients and Section 1619(a) and 1619(b) Participant Age 18–64, by Diagnosis	
S	SECTION C: OTHER WORK INCENTIVE PROGRAM PARTICIPA	NTS
14.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients Benefiting from Specified Work Incentive Provisions, by State	32
15.	Number of SSI Disabled Recipients Benefiting from Specified Work Incentive Provisions, by Selected Characteristics of the Worker	33
16.	Percent of SSI Disabled Recipients Benefiting from Specified Work Incentive Provisions, by Diagnosis	34
17.	Percent Distribution of Persons with Income Excluded Under Specified Work Incentive Provisions, by Amount Excluded	35
APPE	ENDIX	36

INTRODUCTION

This report provides information about all SSI disabled and blind¹ recipients who work and receive wages. The report has been divided into three sections—all SSI disabled workers, section 1619 participants, and disabled workers who benefit from other work incentive provisions.

Since the beginning of the SSI program, a number of SSI disabled recipients have worked and received SSI payments. Initially, the program contained a basic earned income exclusion that recognized the additional costs associated with employment. In addition, the law contained a number of special income exclusions that were intended as work incentives. Among these provisions were income exclusions for blind work expenses (BWE), plans for achieving self-support (PASS), and student earned income (SEI).

The 1980 amendments to the Social Security Act established section 1619, and provided additional work incentive provisions to assist SSI recipients in entering the workforce. These included income exclusions for impairment-related work expenses (IRWE), a change in the treatment of sheltered workshop earnings, and the continuation of SSI payments for some individuals whose disability ceased due to medical recovery. This provision was extended to SSI blind recipients in the 1988 amendments.²

Congress enacted these provisions because it concluded that additional incentives were required to help SSI disabled recipients to become self-supporting. They believed that individuals who could work outside of sheltered workshops, might have been

discouraged from doing so by the fear of losing their benefits before they had established for themselves the capability for continued self-support.

Section 1619(a) provides special SSI cash benefits to disabled individuals who lose eligibility for SSI payments because they have earnings at the level that is ordinarily considered to represent substantial gainful activity (SGA). Section 1619(b) provides special SSI recipient status for Medicaid purposes to working disabled or blind individuals when their earnings make them ineligible for cash payments.

Under P.L. 99–643, which made section 1619 permanent, disabled individuals on the SSI rolls retain disability status until they medically improve. The distinction between a disabled person eligible for regular SSI benefits and a disabled person eligible for 1619(a) benefits is that the latter has several months with gross earnings above the SGA level (\$500).

Under previous law, 1619(a) status did not begin until after the completion of a trial work period and a determination was made that subsequent work was SGA. A number of the cases were defined as 1619(a) cases after June 1987 as a result of this change in the definition rather than from any change in their work activity.

Beginning January 1990, a number of recipients went from 1619(a) status to regular eligibility status as a result of the increase in the SGA level from \$300 to \$500. This also

¹ Unless specifically excluded and/or listed separately, all references to SSI disabled recipients and workers in this report include persons whose eligibility is based on blindness.

² For a full description of these provisions, see the Appendix.

occurred effective July 1999, when the SGA level was further increased to \$700.

Under section 1619(b), cash payments are not made. However, recipient status for Medicaid purposes continues until earnings reach a plateau that takes into account the person's ability to afford medical care as well as his or her normal living expenses.

The data in this report are based on the SSI caseload at the end of December 1999.

SUMMARY

SSI DISABLED WORKERS

DECEMBER 1999

In December 1999, there were 340,618 SSI disabled beneficiaries who were working (6.4 percent of the total SSI disabled caseload). Included in this count were 69,265 section 1619(b) participants who do not receive an SSI payment, but who have special SSI recipient status for Medicaid purposes. Almost three-fourths (69.6 percent) of the workers had amounts of earned income below the substantial gainful activity (SGA) level of \$700 per month; 27.0 percent earned \$65 or less.

Among the States, the percentage of disabled workers varied from a low of 2.9 percent in Alabama to a high of 19.7 percent in Iowa. In general, the percentage of disabled workers was higher in the Northern States than in the Southern States.

The majority of these disabled workers were male (53.4 percent). Almost half (46.6 percent) had unearned income; 39.8 percent were receiving social security benefits. Comparable figures for all disabled recipients in December 1999 were: 44.5 percent male, 37.7 percent with unearned income, and 30.5 percent receiving social security benefits.

Disabled workers are more likely to have certain impairments than other disabled recipients. Almost three-fourths (74.3 percent) of the workers had a mental disorder, including 49.3 percent who were diagnosed with mental retardation. This compares to 58.4 percent of all disabled recipients with a

mental disorder, including 24.5 percent with mental retardation.

The greatest use of work incentive provisions was by participants under section 1619—27.8 percent of disabled workers. This included 7.5 percent under section 1619(a), and 20.3 percent under section 1619(b).

Use of other work incentive provisions continued to have a smaller, but measurable, impact. In December 1999, 4.3 percent of the SSI disabled workers had some of their income excluded under one of these provisions—plan for achieving self support (PASS), (0.3 percent); impairment related work expenses (IRWE), (2.8 percent), or blind work expenses (BWE), (1.2 percent).

A PASS permits an SSI recipient to set aside income and resources to help obtain the training or education necessary for certain specified occupational goals. In December 1999, 327 PASS participants had earnings, which averaged \$584 per month. However, exclusions under a PASS are not limited to earnings. Of the 1,045 disabled recipients with a PASS, over two-thirds (66.8 percent) did not have any earnings reported for December 1999. For this group, the PASS excluded unearned income such as social security benefits. Out of all PASS participants, 120 had a PASS that excluded only resources.

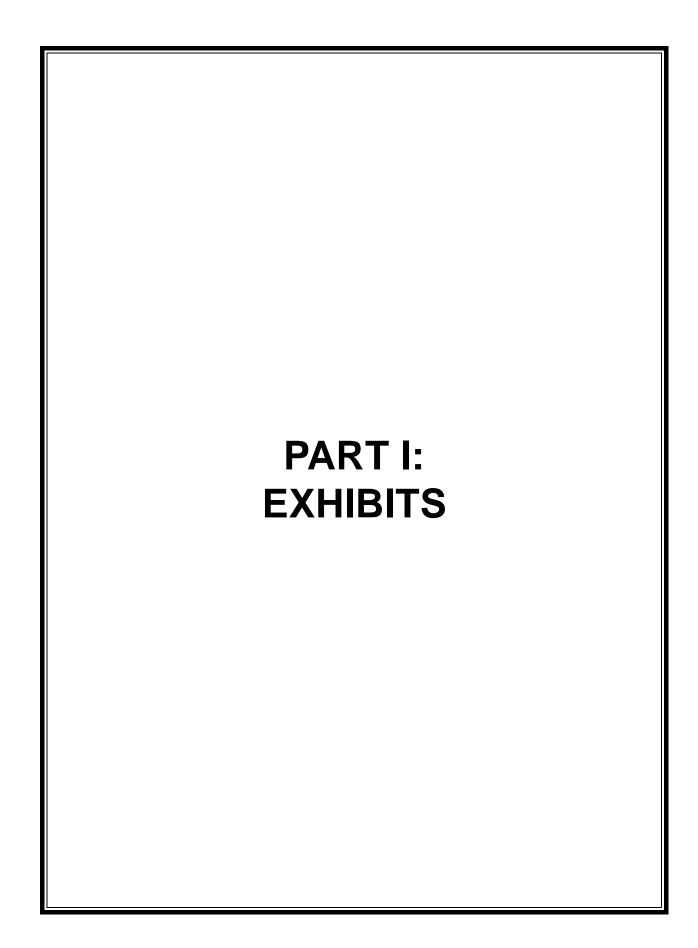


CHART A

DISABLED WORKERS AS A PERCENT OF ALL DISABLED RECIPIENTS DECEMBER 1999

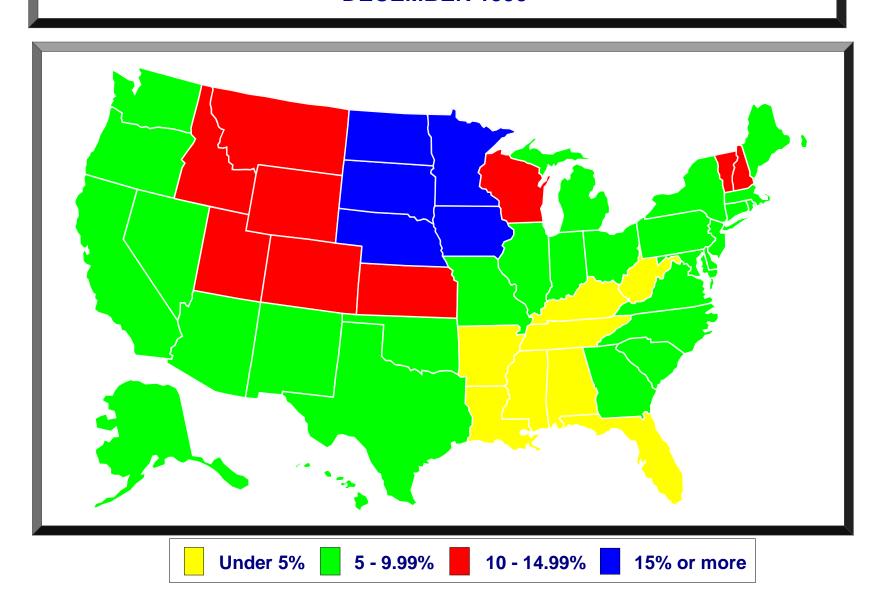


CHART B

SSI DISABLED WORKERS, DECEMBER 1987 - 1999

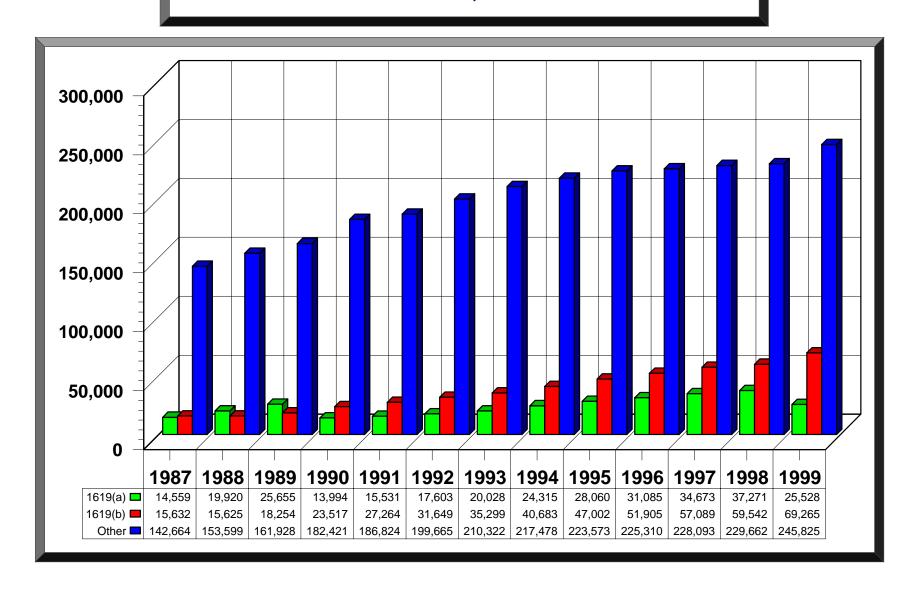
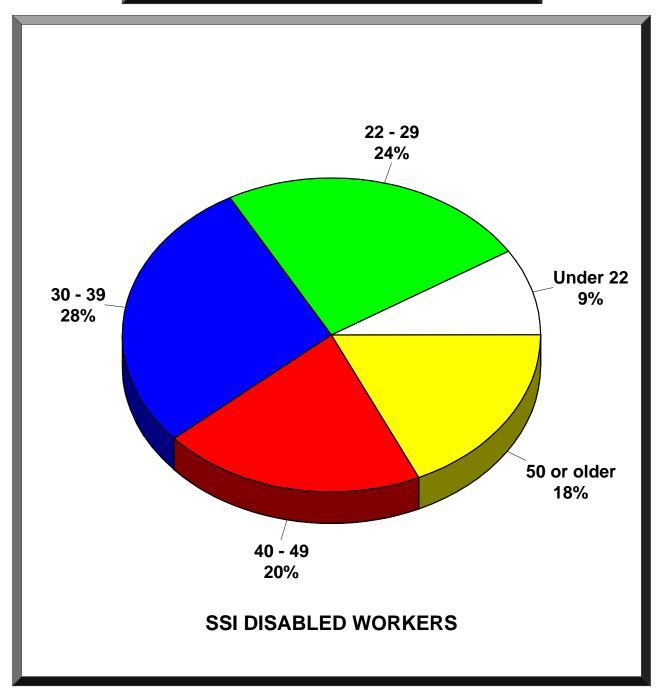


CHART C

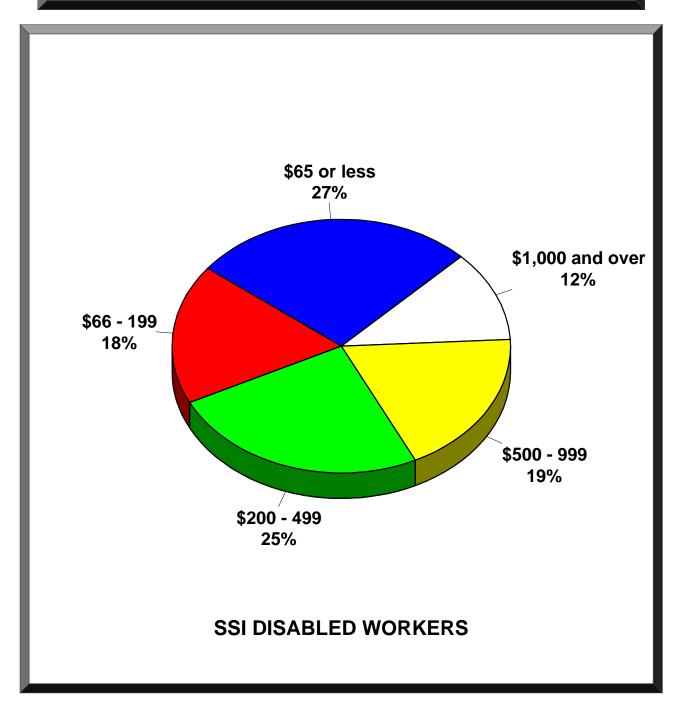
AGE OF SSI DISABLED WORKERS DECEMBER 1999



Data includes section 1619(b) participants.

CHART D

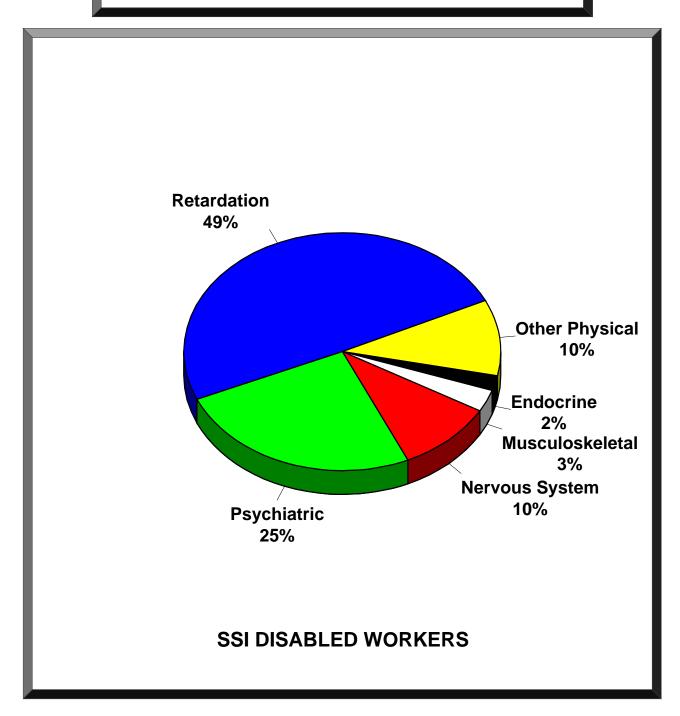
MONTHLY EARNINGS OF SSI DISABLED WORKERS DECEMBER 1999



Data includes section 1619(b) participants.

CHART E

DIAGNOSIS OF SSI DISABLED WORKERS DECEMBER 1999



Data includes section 1619(b) participants.

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CHART F

AGE OF SECTION 1619 PARTICIPANTS DECEMBER 1999

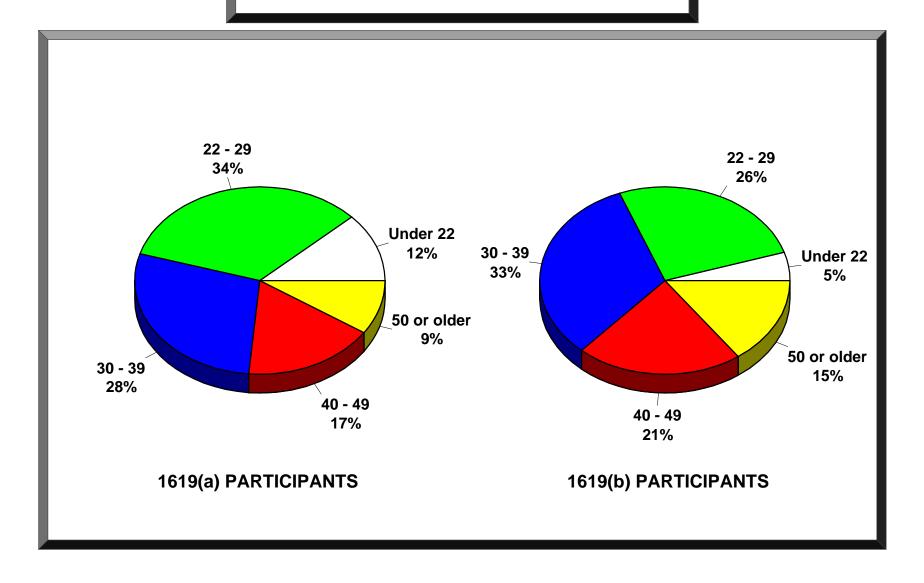


CHART G

SECTION 1619 PARTICIPANTS AS A PERCENT OF ALL DISABLED RECIPIENTS DECEMBER 1999

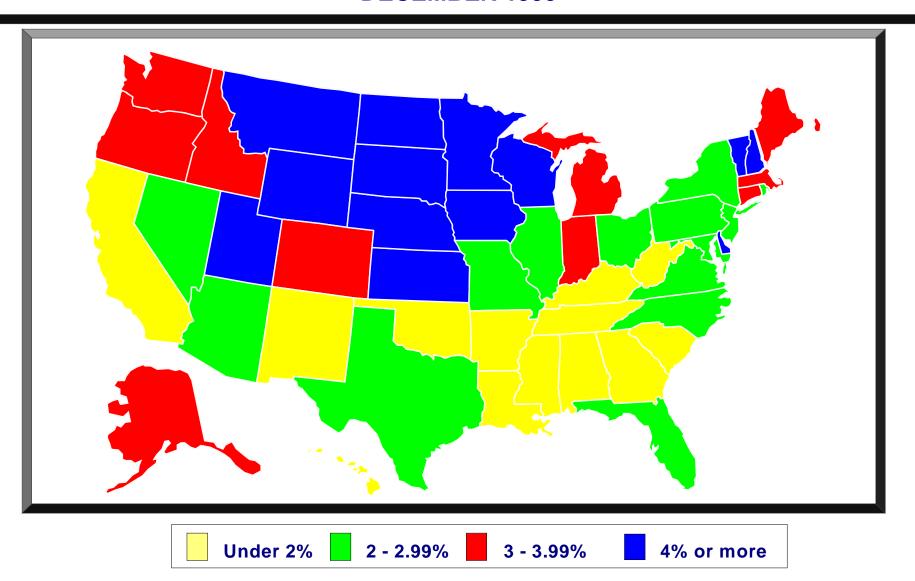
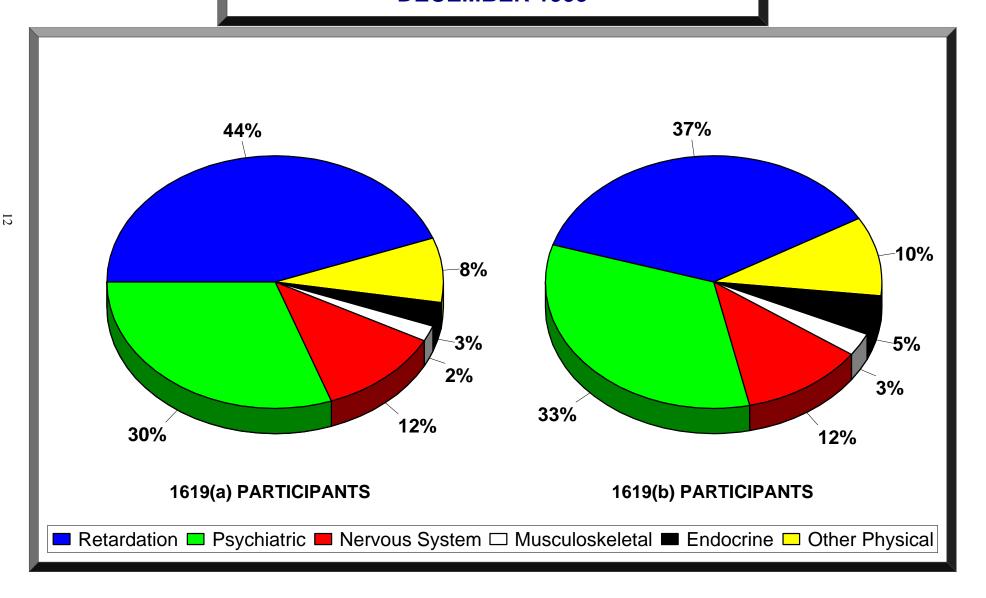


CHART H

DIAGNOSIS OF SECTION 1619 PARTICIPANTS DECEMBER 1999



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CHART I

AGE OF SSI WORK INCENTIVE RECIPIENTS DECEMBER 1999

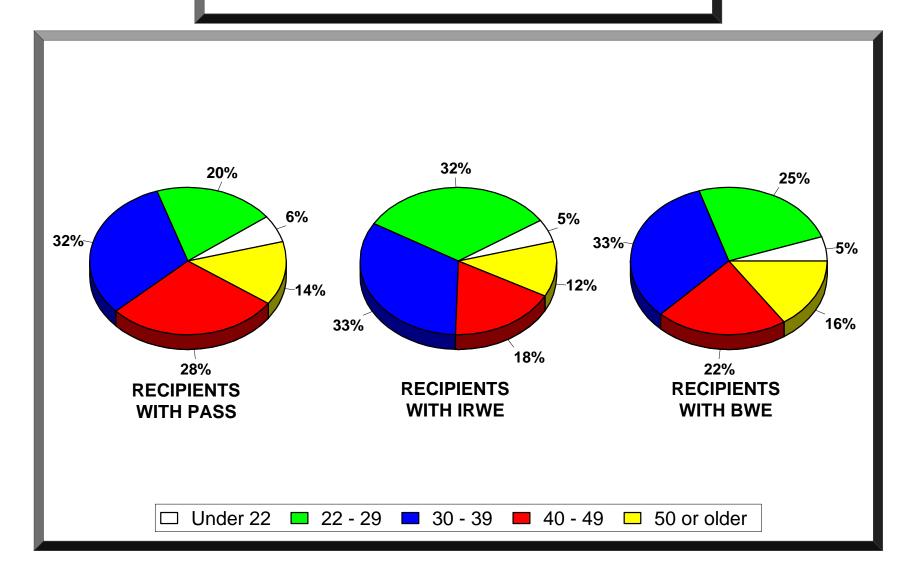
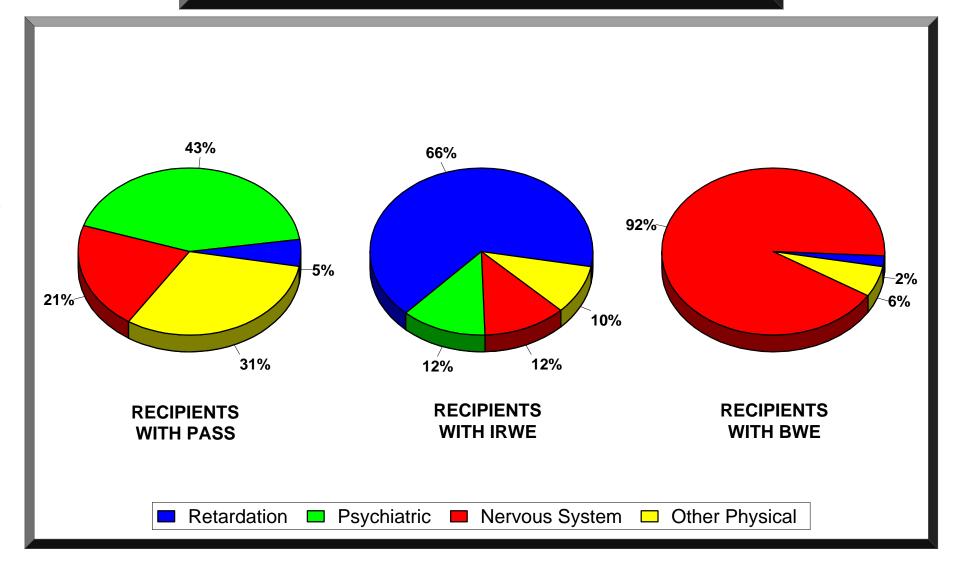
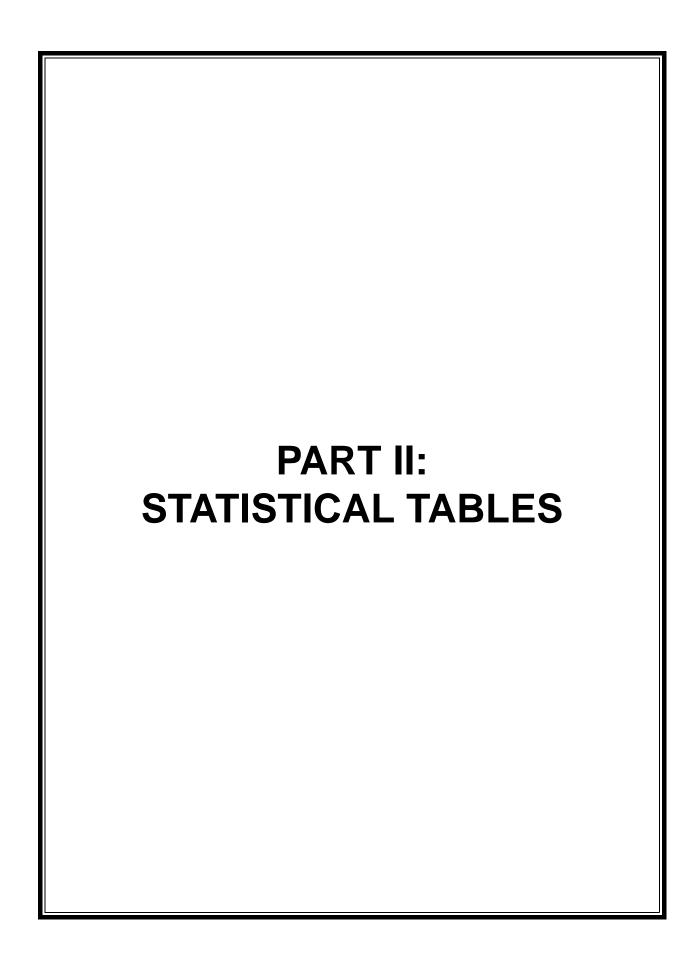


CHART J

DIAGNOSIS OF SSI WORK INCENTIVE RECIPIENTS DECEMBER 1999





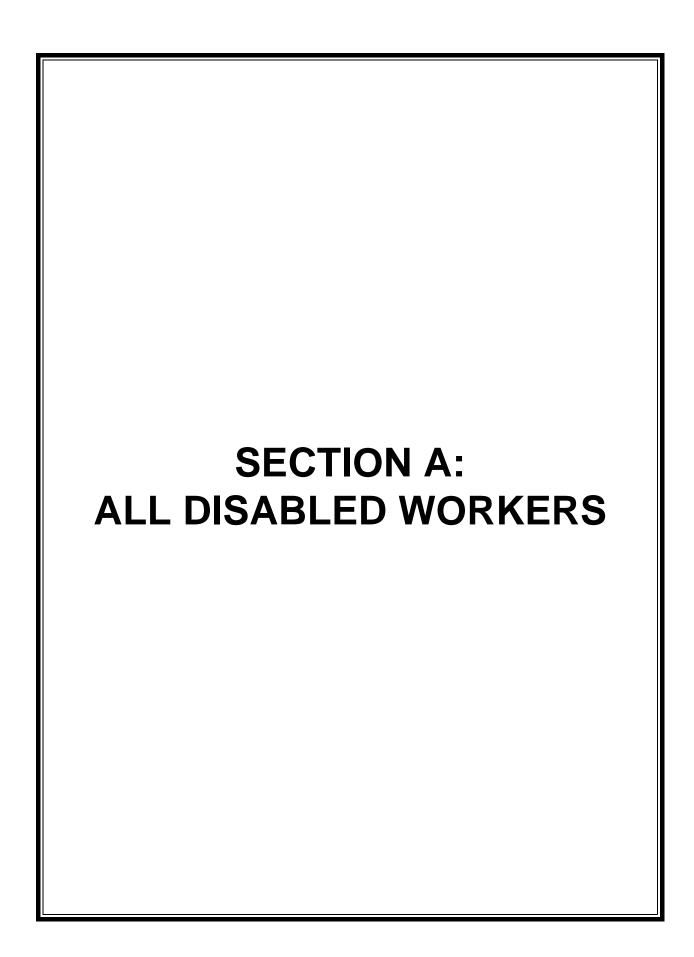


Table 1.—Number of SSI disabled recipients and working recipients, for selected months, 1976–1999

At end of selected month All disabled SSI recipients 1 Receiving SSI 2 1619(b) earners dis recipients December: 3 1976 2,088,242 70,719 — 1977 2,186,771 83,697 — 1978 2,249,025 87,697 — 1979 2,277,859 92,270 — 1980 2,334,241 99,276 — 1981 2,340,785 102,632 — 1982 2,314,364 102,288 5,515 1983 2,391,262 108,734 5,165 1987 2,945,244 157,223 15,632 1988 3,046,074 173,519 15,625 1989 3,172,270 187,583 18,254 1990 3,386,603 196,415 23,517 1991 3,681,050 202,355 27,264 1992 4,126,816 217,268 31,649 1993 4,544,777 230,350 35,299 1994 4,870,564	3.4 3.8 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.4 4.7 4.8 5.9 6.2
1976 2,088,242 70,719 — 1977 2,186,771 83,697 — 1978 2,249,025 87,697 — 1979 2,277,859 92,270 — 1980 2,334,241 99,276 — 1981 2,340,785 102,632 — 1982 2,314,364 102,288 5,515 1983 2,391,262 108,734 5,165 1987 2,945,244 157,223 15,632 1988 3,046,074 173,519 15,625 1989 3,172,270 187,583 18,254 1990 3,386,603 196,415 23,517 1991 3,681,050 202,355 27,264 1992 4,126,816 217,268 31,649 1993 4,544,777 230,350 35,299 1994 4,870,564 241,793 40,683 1995 5,115,014 251,633 47,002 1996 5,252,991 256,395 51,905	3.8 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.4 4.7 4.8 5.9
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1992 4,126,816 217,268 31,649 1993 4,544,777 230,350 35,299 1994 4,870,564 241,793 40,683 1995 5,115,014 251,633 47,002 1996 5,252,991 256,395 51,905	6.2
1993 4,544,777 230,350 35,299 1994 4,870,564 241,793 40,683 1995 5,115,014 251,633 47,002 1996 5,252,991 256,395 51,905	6.0
1994 4,870,564 241,793 40,683 1995 5,115,014 251,633 47,002 1996 5,252,991 256,395 51,905	5.8
1995 5,115,014 251,633 47,002 1996 5,252,991 256,395 51,905	5.8
1996 5,252,991 256,395 51,905	5.8
	5.9
1997	6.2
1998	6.2
1999	6.4
1997	0.1
March	5.9
June	6.0
September 5,234,877 261,856 56,872 December 5,189,724 262,766 57,089	6.1 6.2
	0.2
1998	
March 5,235,042 264,830 54,639	6.1
June	6.1
September 5,312,870 272,079 58,183	6.2
December	6.2
1999	
March	6.2
June 5,354,409 270,989 66,939	6.3
September	6.4
December	6.4

¹ Includes both SSI blind recipients and all section 1619(b) participants.

² Includes 1619(a) participants and SSI recipients earning less than the SGA level, (\$700 effective July 1999).

Data not available for December 1984, 1985, 1986.

Table 2.—Number of SSI disabled recipients, and number and percentage of SSI disabled working recipients, by state, December 1999

	Total	SSI disabled working recipients ¹		
State	SSI disabled ¹	Number	Percent	
Total	5,317,861	340,618	6.4	
Alabama	132,413	3,843	2.9	
Alaska	6,939	522	7.5	
Arizona	66,959	3,571	5.3	
Arkansas	72,891	3,427	4.7	
California	741,958	41,544	5.6	
Colorado	46,613	4,786	10.3	
Connecticut	41,509	3,886	9.4	
Delaware	10,664	842	7.9	
District of Columbia	17,578	704	4.0	
Florida	274,949	11,094	4.0	
Georgia	162,467	8,244	5.1	
Hawaii	13,201	656	5.0	
	· ·			
Illinois	16,305	1,729	10.6	
Illinois	221,102	14,092	6.4	
Indiana	82,357	6,418	7.8	
lowa	37,409	7,379	19.7	
Kansas	33,300	4,207	12.6	
Kentucky	153,452	5,091	3.3	
Louisiana	142,978	5,136	3.6	
Maine	26,349	2,174	8.3	
Maryland	72,051	5,348	7.4	
Massachusetts	123,982	10,974	8.9	
Michigan	193,699	16,681	8.6	
Minnesota	55,669	9,271	16.7	
Mississippi	107,841	3,251	3.0	
Missouri	99,069	7,574	7.6	
Montana	12,668	1,681	13.3	
Nebraska	19,195	3,080	16.0	
Nevada	17,708	1,192	6.7	
New Hampshire	10,732	1,335	12.4	
New Jersey	113,192	7,694	6.8	
New Mexico	37,261	1,905	5.1	
New York	475,375	29,188	6.1	
North Carolina	157,157	8,319	5.3	
North Dakota		1,408	19.7	
Ohio	7,154 228,067	18,161	8.0	
	·			
Oklahoma	61,604	3,619	5.9	
Oregon	44,335	4,263	9.6	
Pennsylvania	243,534	15,190	6.2	
Rhode Island	22,562	1,739	7.7	
South Carolina	90,629	5,216	5.8	
South Dakota	11,136	2,187	19.6	
Tennessee	143,057	6,591	4.6	
Texas	294,247	14,621	5.0	
Utah	18,314	2,305	12.6	
Vermont	11,244	1,131	10.1	
Virginia	108,300	6,398	5.9	
Washington	86,217	6,534	7.6	
West Virginia	65,503	1,989	3.0	
Wisconsin	79,102	11,645	14.7	
Wyoming	5,388	768	14.3	
Northern Mariana Islands	476	15	3.2	
Unknown	0		- 0.2	
	· ·			

Includes 1619(b) participants.

Table 3.—Number of SSI disabled working recipients by section 1619 status, by state, December 1999

		SSI disabled working recipients				
State	Total	Section 1619(a)	Section 1619(b)	All other workers		
Total	340,618	25,528	69,265	245,825		
Alabama	3,843	399	789	2,655		
Alaska	522	35	131	356		
Arizona	3,571	334	832	2,405		
Arkansas	3,427	242	658	2,527		
California	41,544	3,924	5,848	31,772		
Colorado	4,786	332	1,013	3,441		
Connecticut	3,886	213	979	2,694		
Delaware	842	71	238	533		
District of Columbia	704	57	188	459		
Florida	11,094	1,046	2,686	7,362		
Georgia	8,244	590	1,526	6,128		
Hawaii	656	39	97	520		
Idaho	1,729	118	373	1,238		
Illinois	14,092	1,117	2,831	10,144		
Indiana	6,418	533	1,619	4,266		
lowa	7,379	376	1,675	5,328		
Kansas	4,207	265	953	2,989		
Kentucky	5,091	406	1,133	3,552		
Louisiana	5,136	563	1,158	3,415		
Maine	2,174	139	524	1,511		
Maryland	5,348	380	1,011	3,957		
Massachusetts	10,974	934	3,004	7,036		
	16,681	1,226	•	11,831		
Michigan	9,271	422	3,624	6,684		
Minnesota	·		2,165	•		
Mississippi	3,251	339	760	2,152		
Missouri	7,574	421	1,457	5,696		
Montana	1,681	67	361	1,253		
Nebraska	3,080	160	609	2,311		
Nevada	1,192	103	245	844		
New Hampshire	1,335	87	383	865		
New Jersey	7,694	422	1,479	5,793		
New Mexico	1,905	135	389	1,381		
New York	29,188	2,061	4,901	22,226		
North Carolina	8,319	495	1,651	6,173		
North Dakota	1,408	58	276	1,074		
Ohio	18,161	1,380	3,541	13,240		
Oklahoma	3,619	180	583	2,856		
Oregon	4,263	207	968	3,088		
Pennsylvania	15,190	1,143	2,935	11,112		
Rhode Island	1,739	89	357	1,293		
South Carolina	5,216	306	900	4,010		
South Dakota	2,187	95	506	1,586		
Tennessee	6,591	535	1,485	4,571		
Texas	14,621	1,146	3,249	10,226		
Utah	2,305	160	418	1,727		
Vermont	1,131	102	322	707		
Virginia	6,398	502	1,311	4,585		
Washington	6,534	663	1,777	4,094		
West Virginia	1,989	160	378	1,451		
Wisconsin	11,645	704	2,787	8,154		
Wyoming	768	45	177	546		
Northern Mariana Islands	15	2	5	8		

Table 4.—Number of SSI disabled working recipients, percentage and average earnings, by selected characteristics, December 1999

	SSI disabled working recipients ¹					
Selected characteristics	Number	Percent	Average earnings			
Total	340,618	100.0	\$418			
Age:						
Under 18	3,844	1.1	\$440			
18–21	26,320	7.7	431			
22–29	82,099	24.1	501			
30–39	96,863	28.4	429			
40–49	69,270	20.3	397			
50–59	38,426	11.3	345			
60–64	11,559	3.4	294			
65 or older	12,237	3.6	210			
Sex:						
Male	181,767	53.4	\$431			
Female	158,851	46.6	404			
Earned Income: ²						
Wages	324,219	95.2	\$430			
Self-employment	17,618	5.2	223			
Earning Levels:						
\$65 or less	92,094	27.0	\$54			
\$66–\$99	17,061	5.0	82			
\$100–\$199	43,224	12.7	139			
\$200-\$299	32,897	9.7	235			
\$300-\$399	26,495	7.8	334			
\$400-\$499	25,395	7.5	435			
\$500-\$599	20,146	5.9	526			
\$600-\$699	14,979	4.4	630			
\$700-\$799	10,357	3.0	732			
\$800-\$899 \$900-\$999	10,249 7,987	3.0 2.3	831 935			
\$1,000 or more	39,734	11.7	1,482			
Unearned Income: ²	, -		, -			
None	181,875	53.4	\$483			
Social security	135,621	39.8	320			
Other pensions	3,213	0.9	257			
Assistance based on need	100	0.0	488			
Interest, dividends, etc	25,366	7.4	379			
Other	11,690	3.4	511			
Work Incentives: ²						
Section 1619(a)	25,528	7.5	\$928			
Section 1619(b)	69,265	20.3	980			
PASS ³	327	0.1	584			
IRWE	9,520	2.8	430			
BWE	3,970	1.2	851			

¹ Includes section 1619(b) participants.

Persons with more than one type are shown under each type.

Number of working recipients with a PASS. Data on all recipients with a PASS are in Tables 14–17.

Table 5.—Percent of SSI disabled recipients and workers age 18-64, by diagnosis, December 1999 ¹

Diagnosis	All disabled recipients	SSI disabled working recipients	
Total number	3,690,970	324,537	
Total percent ²	100.0	100.0	
Infectious and parasitic diseases	2.2	2.9	
Neoplasms	1.3	0.7	
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic	5.6	2.1	
Mental Disorders:			
Schizophrenia	10.9	9.8	
Other psychiatric	23.0	15.2	
Mental retardation	24.5	49.3	
Diseases of the:			
Nervous system and sense organs ³	8.3	10.3	
Circulatory system	5.7	1.5	
Respiratory system	2.5	0.8	
Digestive system	0.9	0.3	
Genito-urinary system	1.2	0.8	
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissues	9.6	3.1	
Congenital anomalies	0.4	0.9	
Injury and poisoning	2.9	1.7	
Other	0.9	0.7	

Information on diagnosis of all SSI disabled recipients is based on universe counts for December 1999. Information on diagnosis for section 1619 participants is available from SSI source files.

² Includes only recipients whose diagnosis information is specifically identified on the source files.

Most of the disabled workers who are classified as blind individuals are included in this category. A few blind recipients have a primary impairment other than diseases of the eye and are coded in other categories in this table. Also, there are a few recipients classified as having diseases of the eye who are not blind, whose impairment does not meet the definition of blindness.

Table 6.—Number of SSI disabled recipients age 18–64, percent with earnings, and percent in 1619(b) status, by age, December 1999

	Total SSI disabled (18–64) ¹		SSI disabled				In 1619(t	o) status
Age	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	3,758,144	100.0	324,537	8.6	67,150	1.8		
18–21	231,205	6.2	26,320	11.4	2,919	1.3		
22–29	483,787	12.9	82,099	17.0	18,024	3.7		
30–39	776,345	20.7	96,863	12.5	22,619	2.9		
40–49	921,969	24.5	69,270	7.5	14,858	1.6		
50–59	901,291	24.0	38,426	4.3	6,734	0.7		
60–64	443,547	11.8	11,559	2.6	1,996	0.5		

¹ Includes section 1619(b) participants.

Table 7.—Number of SSI disabled recipients age 18–64, and number and percentage of section 1619 participants, by state, December 1999

State ranking		Total SSI disabled	Section 1619 participants		
	State	(18–64) ¹	Number	Percent	
	Total	3,758,427	92,352	2.	
1	South Dakota	7,790	586	7.:	
2	lowa	28,526	2,018	7.	
3	North Dakota	5,293	331	6	
4	Minnesota	41,873	2,543	6.	
5	Wisconsin	56,433	3,427	6.	
6	New Hampshire	8,241	457	5.:	
7	Nebraska	14,044	750	5.	
8	Wyoming	4,105	217	5.	
9	Kansas	24,210	1,183	4.	
10	Vermont	8,615	417	4.	
11	Montana	9,680	420	4.	
12	Delaware	7,035	297	4.	
13	Utah	13,496	563	4.	
14	Idaho	12,058	476	3.	
15	Colorado	34,515	1,313	3	
16	Connecticut	31,260	1,176	3	
17	Massachusetts	104,800	3,862	3.	
18	Washington	65,959	2,385	3.	
19	Indiana	59,359	2,111	3.	
20	Oregon	33,878	1,147	3	
21	Michigan	141,229	4,743	3	
22	Maine	20,681	4,743 642	3	
23	Alaska	5,405	162	3	
		·			
24	Ohio	166,462	4,818	2	
25	Maryland	49,950	1,352	2	
26	Rhode Island	16,633	436	2.	
27	Missouri	72,260	1,832	2.	
28	Nevada	13,738	337	2.	
29	Illinois	157,211	3,841	2.	
30	Northern Mariana Islands	288	7	2.	
31	Arizona	46,597	1,132	2.	
32	New Jersey	77,653	1,858	2.	
33	Virginia	73,941	1,766	2	
34	Pennsylvania	176,394	3,971	2	
35	Texas	200,360	4,251	2	
36	New York	331,117	6,802	2	
37	Florida	176,216	3,618	2	
38	North Carolina	103,447	2,079	2	
39	New Mexico	25,728	510	1	
40	South Carolina	60,248	1,178	1	
41	District of Columbia	11,991	234	1	
42	Tennessee	102,401	1,973	1.	
43	Georgia	110,838	2,049	1.	
44	Arkansas	47,708	867	1.	
45	California	524,768	9,405	1.	
46	Oklahoma	42,874	750	1	
47	Louisiana	95,699	1,673	1.	
48	Mississippi	71,760	1,069	1	
49	Kentucky	112,764	1,492	1	
50	Hawaii	10,216	134	1	
51	Alabama	89,798	1,160	1.	
52	West Virginia	50,599	532	1.	

¹ Includes both SSI blind recipients and section1619(b) participants.

Table 8.—Number of SSI disabled recipients in September 1999, by program status and earnings in December 1999 ¹

					Program s	tatus in Dece	ember 1999			
		Red	Receiving payments Not receiving payments							
	Total	Section Have No			Ineligible because of earned income			come		
					No longer eligible			Other	Other	
Program status in September 1999		1619(a)	earnings	earnings	Section 1619(b)	Does not need/use Medicaid	Can pay for equivalent coverage	Both reasons	excess income	non-pay
Total	5,205,390	24,350	238,610	4,708,950	67,800	920	120	500	45,120	119,020
Receiving payments:										
Section 1619(a)	23,990	15,200	2,630	2,860	1,740	50	0	20	210	1,280
Have earnings	246,990	2,850	215,490	17,080	4,890	110	0	20	1,970	4,580
No earnings	4,863,640	3,520	17,800	4,683,160	9,100	160	30	90	40,160	109,620
Not receiving payments: Section 1619(b)	70,770	2,780	2,690	5,850	52,070	600	90	370	2,780	3,540

¹ Based on 10-percent sample files.

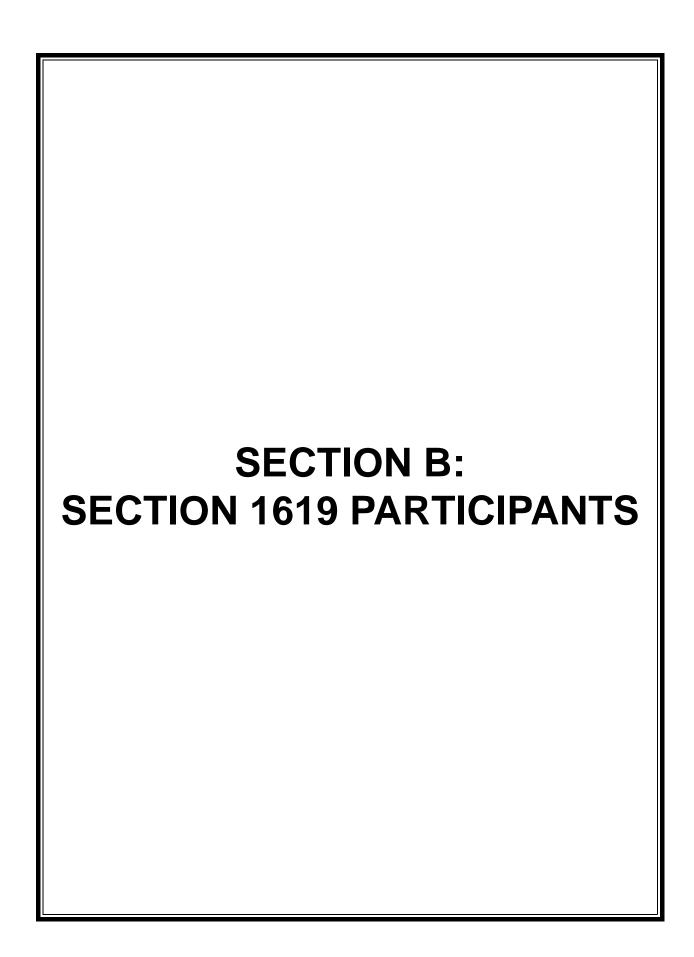


Table 9.—Number of section 1619(a) and 1619(b) participants for selected months, 1982–1999

	1619(a) pa	ırticipants	1619(b) par	ticipants ¹
At end of selected month	Number	Percentage change over prior period	Number	Percentage change over prior period
December: ²			·	
1982	287	_	5,515	_
1983	392	_	5,165	_
1987	14,559	_	15,632	_
1988	19,920	36.8	15,625	0.0
1989	25,655	28.8	18,254	16.8
1990	13,994	-45.5	23,517	28.8
1991	15,531	11.0	27,264	15.9
1992	17,603	13.3	31,649	16.1
1993	20,028	13.8	35,299	11.5
1994	24,315	21.4	40,683	15.3
1995	28,060	15.4	47,002	15.5
1996	31,085	10.8	51,905	10.4
1997	34,673	11.5	57,089	10.0
1998	37,271	7.5	59,542	4.3
1999	25,528	-31.5	69,265	16.3
1997				
March	31,146	0.2	48,194	-7.1
June	32,954	5.8	52,646	9.2
September	33,496	1.6	56,872	8.0
December	34,673	3.5	57,089	0.4
1998				
March	34,637	-0.1	54,639	-4.3
June	35,528	2.6	55,761	2.1
September	37,216	4.8	58,183	4.3
December	37,271	0.1	59,542	2.3
1999	•		·	
March	39,457	5.9	63,431	6.5
June	23,304	-40.9	66,939	5.5
September	23,914	2.6	70,580	5.4
December	25,528	6.7	69,265	-1.9
Doodiiboi	20,020	0.7	03,203	-1.5

¹ Includes blind participants. For December 1999, of the 69,265 participants, 1,197 were blind.

NOTE: In January 1990, the SGA level was raised from \$300 to \$500 and section 1619(a) participants with earnings below \$500 became eligible for regular SSI benefits rather than the special cash payments under section 1619(a). This is reflected in the decrease shown for 1990. In July 1999, the SGA level was further increased to \$700, resulting in the decrease shown for June 1999.

² Data not available for December 1984, 1985, 1986.

Table 10.—Number of section 1619(a) participants and average earnings, by state, for selected months, 1998–1999

	December 1998		September 1999		December 1999	
State	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings
Total	37,271	\$772	23,914	\$918	25,528	\$928
Alabama	484	\$769	331	\$895	399	\$901
Alaska	61	746	40	926	35	940
Arizona	433	756	267	887	334	914
Arkansas	317	770	210	878	242	903
California	5,282	829	3,801	1,003	3,924	1,013
Colorado	425	751	305	897	332	905
Connecticut	421	716	214	872	213	903
Delaware	102	744	56	904	71	908
District of Columbia	96	722	63	877	57	892
Florida	1,570	745	948	889	1,046	898
Georgia	892	749	548	885	590	892
Hawaii	70	743	39	919	39	924
Idaho	196	775	108	889	118	919
Illinois	1,723	765	1,043	889	1,117	910
Indiana	800	762	458	904	533	919
lowa	583	751	326	886	376	894
Kansas	421	762	266	900	265	903
Kentucky	561	767	386	913	406	922
Louisiana	660	765	533	888	563	893
Maine	189	765	119	908	139	914
Maryland	557	735	352	880	380	892
Massachusetts	1,412	782	886	934	934	945
Michigan	1,814	773	1,124	907	1,226	922
Minnesota	649	753	417	884	422	895
Mississippi	423	786	294	894	339	900
Missouri	643	763	374	899	421	911
Montana	110	737	69	905	67	901
Nebraska	253	747	163	890	160	899
Nevada	135	772	83	885	103	901
New Hampshire	110	774	74	900	87	954
New Jersey	652	764	432	918	422	915
New Mexico	232	741	139	879	135	893
New York	2,999	775	1,935	929	2,061	932
North Dokoto	768 84	752 742	450 44	881	495	898
North Dakota	2,112	760	1,308	851 892	58 1,380	904 915
	345	737	1,308	890	1,360	902
Oklahoma	366	737 771	183	888	207	902
Oregon Pennsylvania	1,652	766	1,079	911	1,143	922
Rhode Island	1,032	798	1,079	937	89	932
South Carolina	467	756	301	889	306	900
South Dakota	137	755	86	895	95	897
Tennessee	719	733 771	488	896	535	902
Texas	1,728	761	1,086	893	1,146	899
Utah	258	701	151	886	1,146	895
Vermont	136	729 787	114	962	102	980
Virginia	696	748	450	900	502	909
Washington	1,042	748	626	917	663	909
	239	770	145	917	160	927
West Virginia Wisconsin	1,044	770 754	674	908	704	923
Wyoming	1,044	782	52	884	704 45	906
Northern Mariana Islands	2	775	1	1,029	45	914
Notthern Manaria Islands	2	113		1,029	2	914

Table 11.—Number of section 1619(b) participants and average earnings, by state, for selected months, 1998–1999

	December 1998		September 1999		December 1999	
State	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings
Total	59,542	\$954	70,580	\$1,002	69,265	\$98
Alabama	722	\$1,110	907	1,109	789	1,08
Alaska ¹	117	977	134	1,001	131	93
Arizona	729	946	883	1,036	832	1,00
Arkansas	587	880	701	938	658	89
California	5,160	1,163	5,835	1,249	5,848	1,22
Colorado	942	965	1,063	994	1,013	98
Connecticut ¹	820	861	947	908	979	86
Delaware	194	939	266	1,051	238	1,00
District of Columbia	146	1,077	185	1,143	188	1,17
Florida	2,192	945	2,809	1,054	2,686	1,02
Georgia	1,206	920	1,573	992	1,526	97
Hawaii ¹	77	945	92	857	97	90
daho ¹	342	913	391	844	373	93
Ilinois ¹	2,409	989	2,880	1,024	2,831	1,00
ndiana ¹	1,451	911	1,704	918	1,619	89
owa	1,497	748	1,648	787	1,675	79
Kansas ¹	850	899	1,009	893	953	8
Kentucky	965	1,063	1,166	1,102	1,133	1,0
_ouisiana	1,005	916	1,280	950	1,158	89
Maine	455	842	514	868	524	8
Maryland	789	931	1,059	1,039	1,011	99
Massachusetts	2,648	1,062	3,046	1,076	3,004	1,0
Michigan	3,078	949	3,625	994	3,624	9:
Minnesota ¹	1,866	840	2,146	867	2,165	86
Mississippi	682	1,104	791	1,147	760	1,10
Missouri ¹	1,294	801	1,477	861	1,457	82
Montana	310	687	335	752	361	7:
Nebraska ¹	516	781	622	822	609	8.
Nevada ¹	203	941	244	1,001	245	90
New Hampshire ¹	330	857	370	841	383	8
New Jersey	1,172	1,082	1,490	1,167	1,479	1,09
New Mexico	327	853	398	910	389	90
New York	4,096	1,062	5,053	1,110	4,901	1,10
North Carolina	1,387	920	1,734	965	1,651	93
North Dakota ¹	260	819	277	849	276	8
Ohio ¹	2,923	919	3,532	964	3,541	9
Oklahoma ¹	489	826	555	829	583	83
Oregon ¹	880	856	975	852	968	84
Pennsylvania	2,463	883	3,012	940	2,935	90
Rhode Island	267	966	345	1,033	357	98
South Carolina	684	880	932	976	900	9
South Dakota	428	831	472	774	506	7(
Tennessee	1,312	1,043	1,489	1,073	1,485	1,06
exas	2,872	900	3,392	960	3,249	9.
Jtah ¹	430	877	428	849	418	85
Vermont	262	828	293	829	322	8
Virginia ¹	1,188	894	1,334	904	1,311	88
Washington	1,576	970	1,826	1,014	1,777	1,0
West Virginia	310	986	390	1,116	378	1,1
Wisconsin	2,473	865	2,754	898	2,787	87
Wyoming	158	700	190	769	177	82
Northern Mariana Islands	3	1,483	7	875	5	83

¹ The Social Security Administration identifies persons as potenial participants, final Medicaid determinations are made by the State.

Table 12.—Number and average earnings of section 1619(a) and 1619(b) participants, by selected characteristics of participants, December 1999

	1619(a) par	ticipants	1619(b) participants	
Selected characteristics	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings
Total	25,528	\$928	69,265	\$980
Age:				
Under 18	232	\$865	369	1
18–21	2,794	908	2,919	\$1,176
22–29	8,585	919	18,024	1,087
30–39	7,186	936	22,619	939
40–49	4,356	942	14,858	934
50–59	1,904	939	6,734	924
60–64	377	956	1,996	801
65 or older	94	912	1,746	767
Sex:				
Male	14,416	\$934	37,633	\$1,010
Female	11,112	920	31,632	945
Earned Income: ²				
Wages	25,209	\$928	67,958	\$983
Self-employment	446	902	1,786	912
Earning Levels:				
Less than \$400	_	_	11,159	\$267
\$400–\$499	_	_	7,345	437
\$500–\$599	_	_	6,778	526
\$600–\$699	_	_	5,063	630
\$700–\$899	11,541	796	6,535	781
\$900–\$1,199	12,377	999	8,736	1,042
\$1,200 or more	1,606	1,329	23,649	1,722
Unearned Income: ²				
None	22,708	\$931	24,227	\$1,443
Social security	636	856	41,383	674
Other pensions	45	908	553	780
Assistance based on need	4	907	24	1,089
Interest, dividends, etc	1,591	928	4,887	865
Other	658	880	3,107	1,121
Work Incentives: ²				
PASS ³	96	\$1,165	0	\$0
IRWE	893	961	1,600	876
BWE	10	1,477	693	1,184

Data not available.

Persons with more than one type are shown under each type.

Includes 7 persons with PASS plans which exclude only resources.

Table 13.—Percent of SSI disabled recipients and section 1619(a) and 1619(b) participants age 18–64, by diagnosis, December 1999 ¹

Diagnosis	All disabled recipients	1619(a) participants	1619(b) participants	
Total number	3,690,970	25,202	67,150	
Total percent ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Infectious and parasitic diseases	2.2	1.6	2.6	
Neoplasms	1.3	1.0	1.3	
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic	5.6	2.4	2.8	
Mental Disorders:				
Schizophrenia	10.9	9.7	11.5	
Other psychiatric	23.0	20.8	21.5	
Mental retardation	24.5	43.7	37.2	
Diseases of the:				
Nervous system and sense organs ³	8.3	12.0	12.3	
Circulatory system	5.7	1.7	2.0	
Respiratory system	2.5	1.1	1.0	
Digestive system	0.9	0.4	0.5	
Genito-urinary system	1.2	1.2	1.5	
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissues	9.6	3.5	4.9	
Congenital anomalies	0.4	0.8	0.8	
Injury and poisoning	2.9	2.2	2.9	
Other	0.9	1.2	1.1	

Information on diagnosis of all SSI disabled recipients is based on universe counts for December 1999. Information on diagnosis for section 1619 participants is available from SSI source files.

² Includes only recipients whose diagnosis information is specifically identified on the source files.

Most of the section 1619(b) participants who are classified as blind individuals are included in this category. A few section 1619(b) blind participants have a primary impairment other than diseases of the eye and are coded in other categories in this table. Also, there are a few participants classified as having diseases of the eye who are not blind, whose impairment does not meet the definition of blindness, and are classified as disabled.

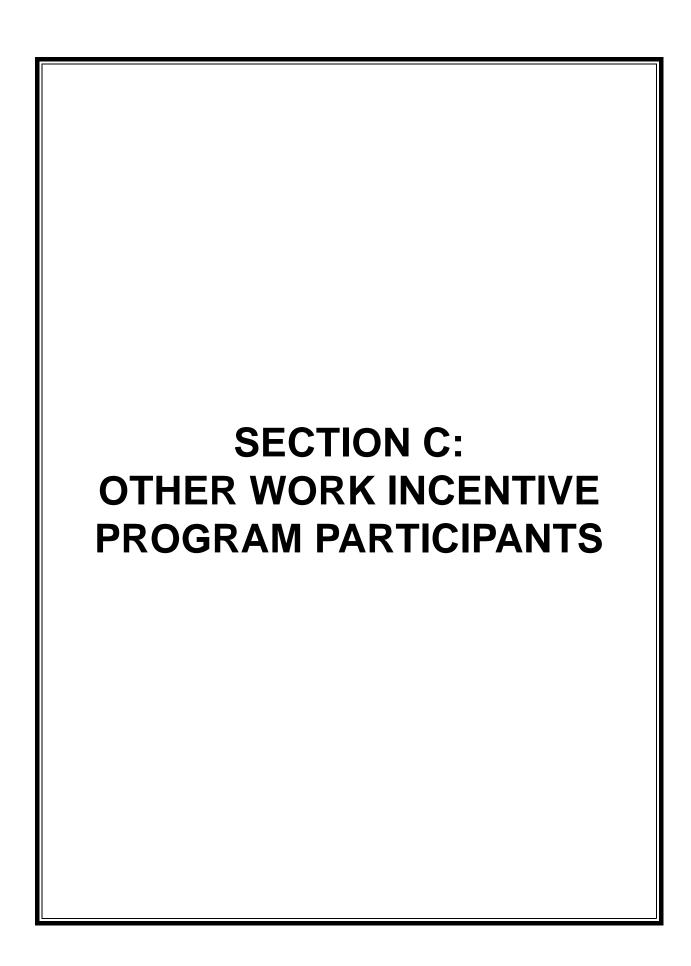


Table 14.—Number of SSI disabled recipients benefiting from specified work incentive provisions, by state, December 1999

State	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ¹	Impairment related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
Total	. 1,045	9,520	3,971
Alabama	. 16	189	45
Alaska	.] 1	24	1
Arizona	. 8	102	40
Arkansas		92	51
California		765	538
Colorado		42	45
Connecticut	. 3	147	41
Delaware		39	8
District of Columbia		5	7
Florida		449	136
Georgia		482	77
Hawaii		17	12
Idaho		16	7
Illinois		363	98
Indiana		188	57
lowa	. 17	65	94
Kansas	. 19	309	40
Kentucky		138	62
Louisiana		135	72
Maine		53	25
Maryland		307	44
Massachusetts		266	300
Michigan		341	131
Minnesota		169	93
Mississippi		59	75
Missouri		254	73
Montana	. 19	12	13
Nebraska		66	21
Nevada	. 5	29	20
New Hampshire		29	6
New Jersey		229	70
New Mexico		133	16
New York	. 77	733	321
North Carolina	. 17	410	146
North Dakota	. 2	4	2
Ohio	. 44	197	166
Oklahoma	. 1	102	17
Oregon	. 7	39	60
Pennsylvania	. 27	514	203
Rhode Island		15	15
South Carolina	. 8	118	68
South Dakota	. 5	35	3
Tennessee	. 15	221	81
Texas	. 34	370	232
Utah	. 2	63	19
Vermont	. 11	9	8
Virginia	. 27	592	95
Washington		133	75
West Virginia		29	22
Wisconsin		413	114
Wyoming		9	6
Northern Mariana Islands		0	0

¹ Includes 120 persons with PASS plans which exclude only resources.

Table 15.—Number of SSI disabled recipients benefiting from specified work incentive provisions, by selected characteristics of the worker, December 1999

Selected characteristics	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ¹	Impairment related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)	
Total	1,045	9,520	3,971	
Age:				
Under 18	8	11	9	
18–21	55	474	198	
22–29	207	3,077	975	
30–39	333	3,139	1,311	
40–49	297	1,683	859	
50–59	125	767	426	
60–64	14	222	104	
65 or older	6	147	89	
Sex:				
Male	478	5,113	2,202	
Female	567	4,407	1,769	
Earned Income: ²				
Wages	310	9,458	3,841	
Self-employment	44	94	156	
Earning Levels:				
\$65 or less	698	0	1	
\$66–\$99	18	988	262	
\$100–\$199	13	539	112	
\$200–\$299	37	1,609	356	
\$300–\$399	27	1,342	302	
\$400–\$499	41	1,071	274	
\$500–\$599	38	1,022	255	
\$600-\$699	43	757	245	
\$700–\$799	25	535	206	
\$800-\$899	17	339	182	
\$900–\$999	23	533	382	
\$1,000 or more	65	785	1,394	
Unearned Income: ²				
None	199	4,644	2,112	
Social security	802	4,196	1,535	
Other pensions	16	82	21	
Assistance based on need	0	0	0	
Interest, dividends, etc	82	847	385	
Other	47	291	165	

Includes 120 persons with PASS plans which exclude only resources. Persons with more than one type are shown under each type.

Table 16.—Percent of SSI disabled recipients benefiting from specified work incentive provisions, by diagnosis, December 1999

Diagnosis	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ¹	Impairment related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
Total number	1,045	9,520	3,971
Total percent ²	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.3	2.1	0.9
Neoplasms	1.2	0.3	0.4
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic	2.8	0.5	0.8
Mental Disorders:			
Schizophrenia	11.6	4.6	0.0
Other psychiatric	31.3	7.7	0.4
Mental retardation	5.0	66.0	2.2
Diseases of the:			
Nervous system and sense organs ³	20.8	12.1	91.6
Circulatory system	1.9	0.8	0.8
Respiratory system	0.6	0.2	0.0
Digestive system	0.7	0.2	0.0
Genito-urinary system	1.5	0.3	0.1
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissues	6.1	0.8	0.1
Congenital anomalies	1.1	1.6	2.0
Injury and poisoning	13.5	2.2	0.4
Other	0.8	0.4	0.2

¹ Includes 120 persons with PASS plans which exclude only resources.

Includes only recipients whose diagnosis information is specifically identified on the source files.

³ Most of the disabled workers who are classified as blind individuals are included in this category. A few blind participants have a primary impairment other than diseases of the eye and are coded in other categories in this table. Also, there are a few participants classified as having diseases of the eye who are not blind, whose impairment does not meet the definition of blindness.

Table 17.—Percent distribution of persons with income excluded under specified work incentive provisions, by amount excluded, December 1999

Amount excluded	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ¹	Impairment related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
Total number	925	9,520	3,971
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$25	0.4	21.7	15.2
\$25–\$49	1.4	27.6	9.6
\$50–\$99	2.5	29.6	16.7
\$100–\$199	10.7	14.5	17.7
\$200–\$299	13.7	3.6	13.1
\$300-\$499		2.0	14.4
\$500-\$999	35.1	0.8	10.9
\$1,000 and Over	3.0	0.2	2.5

¹ Data does not include PASS plans which exclude only resources.

APPENDIX

Blind Work Expense Exclusion (BWE):

(Public Law 92–603, effective January 1974)—Permits the exclusion of any earned income of a blind person which is used to meet any expenses reasonably attributable to earning the income.

Continuation of Payments:

(Public Law 96–265, effective December 1980)—Provides for the continuation of SSI (also SSDI) payments to disabled individuals after their disability ceased, due to medical recovery, if they are participating in approved vocational rehabilitation plans and SSA determines that completion of the program will increase the chances of permanent removal from the disability rolls. The provision assists individuals whose medical improvement occurs before completion of vocational training. This provision was extended to SSI recipients whose eligibility was based on blindness by Public Law 100–203, effective April 1988.

Earned Income Exclusion:

(Public Law 92–603, effective January 1974)—The first \$65 of a recipient's monthly earnings and one-half of the earnings in excess of \$65 are excluded in computing the SSI benefit payable.

Impairment Related Work Expenses (IRWE):

(Public Law 96–265, effective December 1980)—Provides for the exclusion from earnings of the costs of items and services which are needed in order to work and are paid for by the individual. These IRWE's are excluded from earnings used in the determination of SGA and earned income used to compute ongoing SSI monthly payments. Beginning December 1990, the IRWE exclusions are also applied in the determination of income for purposes of initial SSI eligibility.

Plan for Achieving Self-support (PASS):

(Public Law 92–603, effective January 1974)—Permits a disabled or blind SSI recipient who has an approved PASS to set aside earned or unearned income and resources for a work goal. The income or resources set aside are used to pay for goods or services needed to reach the goal, such as education, vocational training, starting a business, or purchasing work related equipment. Income and resources set aside under a PASS are excluded from SSI income and resources tests but do not influence the determination of ability to engage in SGA.

Section 1619(a):

(Public Law 96–265, effective January 1981; made permanent by Public Law 99–643, effective July 1987)—Provides special SSI cash benefits to disabled individuals who lose eligibility for SSI payments under the regular rules because they have earnings at the level that is ordinarily considered to represent substantial gainful activity.

Section 1619(b):

(Public Law 96–265, effective January 1981; made permanent by Public Law 99–643, effective July 1987)—Provides special SSI recipient status for Medicaid purposes to working disabled or blind individuals when their earnings make them ineligible for cash payments.

Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA):

(Public Law 92–603, effective January 1974)—Is the performance of significant physical and/or mental activities in work for pay or profit, or in work of a type generally performed for pay or profit. Because earnings provide an objective and feasible measure of work, an employee's earnings and a self-employed individual's earnings and/or activity are used as the measure of SGA. The current SGA level is \$700.

Treatment of Sheltered Workshop Earnings:

(Public Law 96–265, effective September 1980)—Provides that remuneration for services performed in sheltered workshops or activities centers would be treated as earned income. This change made it possible to apply the earned income exclusion to earnings that previously were subject to the general income exclusion i.e., the first \$20 and a dollar-for-dollar offset thereafter.

Use of Multiple Provisions:

An individual may benefit from more than one of the work incentive provisions. For example, he or she may receive special cash payments under Section 1619 and have income excluded under a PASS. Other combinations are also possible, but it is not possible to have both IRWE and BWE.